# The Wheatbelt Region Overnight Visitor Factsheet 2022

Prepared by Tourism WA Insights and Planning April 2023



## **Overnight Visitor Summary - The Wheatbelt Region**

Annual Average - 2021+22

The data in this factsheet refers to visitors who have spent at least one night in The Wheatbelt Region

#### Overnight Visitor Trends - Annual Average

Market

2017 ± 19



2019 ± 10



Nights

Market	2017+18	2018+19	2019+20	2020+21	2021+22	
International	53,000	67,000	47,000	9,000	16,000	
Interstate	50,000	63,000	np	np	np	
Intrastate	851,000	1,005,000	1,045,000	986,000	1,023,000	
Total	954,000	1,135,000	1,137,000	1,027,000	1,088,000	
Market	2017+18	2018+19	2019+20	2020+21	2021+22	
International	388,000	533,000	363,000	63,000	163,000	
	500,000	333,000	303,000	03,000	103,000	
Interstate	253,000	195,000	np	np	np	
Interstate Intrastate	·	•	•	,	,	

2010 ± 20

2020 ± 21

2021+22

**Total Visitors** 

1,088,000

Annual average 2021+22

**Total Visitor Nights** 

3,204,000

Annual average 2021+22

Total Spend (\$ Million)

\$354

Annual average 2019+20+21+22

#### Share of Overnight Visitors - change vs. pre-COVID





#### Overnight Visitor Metrics - Annual Average 2019+20+21+22

			<b>(\$</b> )
	Avg. Trip Length	Average Trip Spend	Average Daily Spend
Intrastate	<b>2.7</b> Days	\$317	\$116
Interstate	<b>4.0</b> Days	\$379	\$95
International	<b>8.3</b> Days	\$579	\$69
Total	<b>3.0</b> Days	\$327	\$111

Domestic + International

2

## **Domestic Overnight Visitor Details - The Wheatbelt Region**

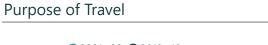
Annual Average - 2021+22 vs 2018+19

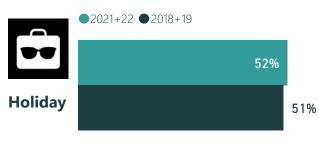
The data in this factsheet refers to visitors who have spent at least one night in The Wheatbelt Region

## **Domestic Visitors**

**Domestic Nights** 

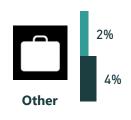
1,072,000 3,041,000





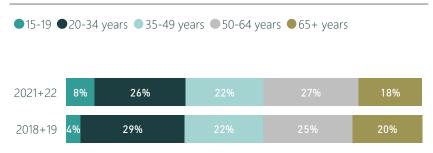




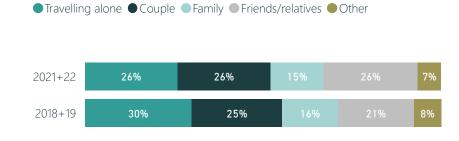


#### Sum of purpose may add to more than 100% as overnight visitors can visit the Region for more than one reason.

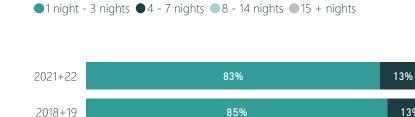
#### Age



#### Travel Party



#### Length of Stay



## Activity

Visit friends & relatives

39% 34% 31% 24% Go to the beach 20%

#### Top 3 accommodation (% of nights)

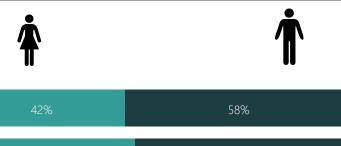


Accommodation	2018+19	2021+2
Friends or relatives property	29%	269
Caravan park or commercial camping	15%	189
ground		
Caravan or camping - non commercial	12%	149

#### Gender

2021+22

2018+19



#### Top 3 activities

24%

## **International Overnight Visitor Details - The Wheatbelt Region**

Annual Average - 2018+19

The data in this factsheet refers to visitors who have spent at least one night in The Wheatbelt Region

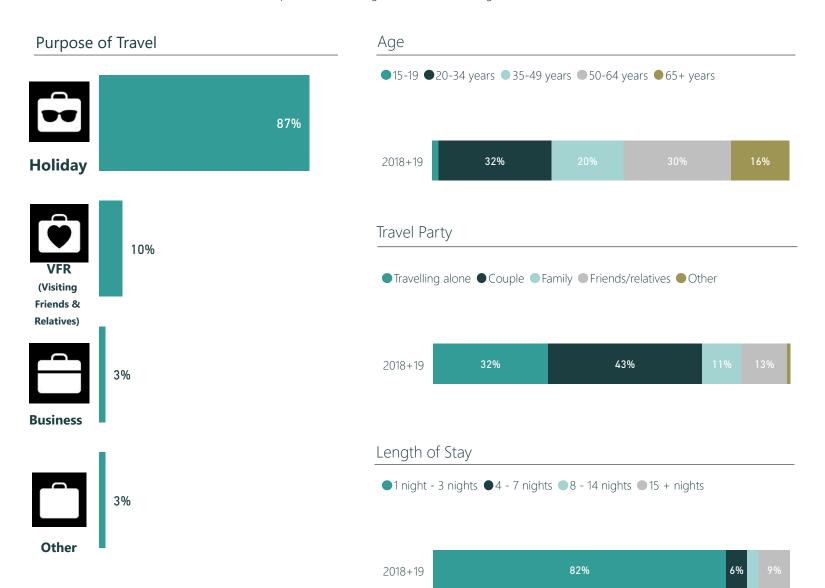
International Visitors

67,000

International Nights

533,000

Annual average 2018+19



#### Top 3 accommodation (% of nights)



Accommodation	2018+19
Friends or relatives property	25%
Other Private Accommodation	24%
Rented house/apartment/flat or unit	22%

#### Gender



Activity



2018+19

2018+19	55%	45%

#### Top 3 activities\*

\*International visitors may have undertaken the activity in the region or elsewhere in Australia



,	
Eat out / dine at a restaurant and/or cafe	96%
Sightseeing/looking around	91%
Visit national parks / state parks	85%

Sum of purpose may add to more than 100% as overnight visitors can visit the Region for more than one reason.

### Visitor Factsheet - Further Information

The data in this factsheet refers to visitors who have spent at least one night in The Wheatbelt Region





#### Important Note

All data is sourced from Tourism Research Australia's National and International Visitor Surveys (NVS and IVS).

To increase the sample size and hence improve the reliability of the data, visitor and nights estimates in this document are based on an average of two calendar years. Spend estimates are based on an average of four calendar years as per TRA guidelines.

The demographics and trip details for domestic visitors show comparisons between 2021+22 (current) and 2018+19 (pre-COVID). Due to the small number of international visitors to WA since 2019, only 2018+19 has been provided for international visitors. It is hoped that in future revisions of this factsheet, it will be possible to compare international visitor demographics and trip details with pre-COVID.

It is recommended by Tourism WA that the visitation statistics in this fact sheet are used in conjunction with other information sources that you have access to. This might include population statistics from the Australian Bureau of Statistics, feedback from local operators, information from local Visitor Centres, data from local councils etc.

Methodology and definition changes are made to both the IVS and the NVS from time to time. As such, estimates in this factsheet are not comparable to previous factsheets. For further information, see <a href="NVS Methodology">NVS Methodology</a> on Tourism Research Australia's website and the <a href="Changing Visitor Spend">Changing Visitor Spend</a> factsheet on Tourism WA's website.

## Sample Size and Confidence Intervals

Year 2018+19			2021+22		
Sample size	95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)	95% Confidence Interval Nights (±)	Sample size	95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)	95% Confidence Interval Nights (±)
893	8%	15%	694	8%	14%
60	30%	52%	35	34%	48%
953	7%	14%	729	7%	13%
748	9%	26%			
	893 60 953	Sample size         95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)           893         8%           60         30%           953         7%	Sample size         95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)         95% Confidence Interval Nights (±)           893         8%         15%           60         30%         52%           953         7%         14%	Sample size         95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)         95% Confidence Interval Nights (±)         Sample size           893         8%         15%         694           60         30%         52%         35           953         7%         14%         729	Sample size         95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)         95% Confidence Interval Nights (±)         Sample size Interval Visitors (±)         95% Confidence Interval Visitors (±)           893         8%         15%         694         8%           60         30%         52%         35         34%           953         7%         14%         729         7%

Note: Estimates in this factsheet need to be considered within the Confidence Intervals in this table. Data has not been provided where the Sample Size is less than 40 or the Confidence Interval is greater than ±50%.

#### **Definititions**

**Domestic Visitors (Intrastate):** Australian residents aged 15 years and over who spent at least one night at a place at least 40km from their home. Note, intra-regional travel is included, i.e. the home and stay may fall within the same region.

**Domestic Visitors (Interstate):** Australian residents aged 15 years and over who spent at least one night at a place at least 40km from their home.

**International Visitors:** International visitors aged 15 years and over who spent at least one night in the Region and are staying in Australia for 12 months or less.

#### Source

Tourism Research Australia, International and National Visitor Surveys, 2022.
Local Government Areas included to make up The Great Southern
Region: Shire of Beverley, Shire of Brookton, Shire of Bruce Rock, Shire of
Chittering, Shire of Corrigin, Shire of Cuballing, Shire of Cunderdin, Shire
of Dalwallinu, Shire of Dandaragan, Shire of Dowerin, Shire of
Dumbleyung, Shire of Gingin, Shire of Goomalling, Shire of Kellerberrin,
Shire of Kondinin, Shire of Koorda, Shire of Kulin, Shire of Lake Grace,
Shire of Merredin, Shire of Moora, Shire of Mount Marshall, Shire of
Mukinbudin, Shire of Narembeen, Shire of Narrogin, Shire of Northam,
Shire of Nungarin, Shire of Pingelly, Shire of Quairading, Shire of Tammin,
Shire of Toodyay, Shire of Trayning, Shire of Victoria Plains, Shire of
Wagin, Shire of Wandering, Shire of West Arthur, Shire of Westonia, Shire
of Wickepin, Shire of Williams, Shire of Wongan-Ballidu, Shire of
Wyalkatchem, Shire of Yilgarn, Shire of York